

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER I.]

Saturday, September, 17, 1796.]

[VOLUME X.

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Foreign intelligence.

Spain.

MADRID, May 12.

It is certain that our court is in full negotiation with the French republic, for an alliance, offensive and defensive. Orders have been given for five hundred tri-coloured flags to be made, which are to float on our squadrons, instead of the white ones, hoisted heretofore for the French colours during the government of kings.

The Prince of Peace frequently gives *fêtes* to the ambulator of the French republic, general Feronion. The king is about to present to him a sword richly mounted.

The equipment of one army and navy go on with astonishing activity. The reinforcements passed to the camp before Gibraltar are considerable; the army which composes it, is forty-one thousand men strong.

Our government is at present occupied (by consent of the pope) with the suppression of the greatest part of the convents in the kingdom.

Germany.

COLOGNE, June 6.

A courier arrived this morning, in from us that the left wing of the army and the troops, pursued its victorious march to the right bank of the Rhine. The following is the official account which confirms the capture of the Austrian entrencheds at Aldenkirchen.

Head Quart., at Lenta,

" 17th Prairial (June 5), 4th

" year of the Republic.

Bonnard, general of division, to the general of brigade, Davout, at Cologne.

" I happen to acquaint you, my dear comrade, with the contents of a letter which I have moment received from the chief major of general Kleber, that in the engagement of yesterday the heights of Aldenkirchen were turned with such rapidity, that all the artillery which defended them were taken together, with a battalion of four hundred and fifty strong, as also its colours, the colonel, and many other prisoners, and that the rout of the enemy was unexampled. We know very well that our brave army will in its turn gain as brilliant victories as those of Italy.

" *Vive la République,*
" *“ BONNADE.”*

June 12.

The usual mail from Frankfort, expected this day, has not arrived. The last intelligence from that city, is of the fourth instant, which informs, that the passage of the river Sieg, by the French army, had occasioned a terrible inundation, the citizens imagining that they already saw the French army at the gates of Frankfort. A bulk cannonading was heard near the Hundstruck, but we have received no information respecting the cause of it. The gun-boats of Sir William Howe gone to the environs of Bingen, where they have already begun their operations.

Letters from Vienna, of the 16th ult. announce the departure of Count de Metternich, for London. He is charged with a secret mission relative to an object of the first importance.

P. S. We have received this moment via Cassel, a letter from Frankfort of the 7th instant, from which we extract the following:

" Confection is to its summit in this city. The arch duke has detached from his army, nine battalions and four squadrons, to reinforce Prince Württemberg. It seems that the two imperial armies will fall back entirely on this side the Rhine to concentrate their forces, in order to try the fate of a general and decisive battle. Couriers are depart constantly."

SCHWALBACH, (Vet.) June 9.
Bulletin de Nieder, Leibnitz, Eisenstadt, and *Eurstein*.

Notwithstanding the advantageous positions which the Austrians pos-

ed in their different points, generals Grenier and Bonnard have a raked, encircled, and taken, five thousand prisoners, twenty-three pieces of cannon, and a number of loaded wagons.

The fifth afternoon, ordered the blockade of Ehrenbreitstein.

The sixth, several strong columns passed the Lahn; the briars are actually at Nieden and Selkers, ten leagues from Frankfort, and eleven from Ments.

Arch Duke Charles, astonished at the marches and rapid success of general Kleber, in the environs of the forests of Wetterwald and the other side of the Lahn, and willing to oppose to the French a more considerable force, has withdrawn his army from the Hundstruck and made it off by Menz, in order, in concert with Field Marshal Wurmser, to reinforce the right banks of the Rhine and the steusse of Main—but general Jourdon forefay and destroyed this project, by causing a principle part of his forces to pass the Rhine in the vicinity of Audernach, Coblenz, and Niedweid, to carry him forward on the right bank. His head quarters is actually in this last town.

VIENNA, May 25.

The Emperor has this morning sent for London Count Metternich. We are assured that this mission is to signify to the Court of St. James, that his Imperial majesty is determined to make peace with the French Republic. He was anticipated to this intimation, that is, his Britannic Majesty's Minister will withhold the usual subsidy; but this consideration is null henceforth, since the coalition are convinced, that England maintains it with no other view than for its own advantage that is in order that France shall be constantly diverted from employing her treasure and forces against the universal tyrant of the seas.

MENTZ, June 3.

They speak of the arrival of a courier from Vienna, who brings orders for the suspension of offensive operations.

WURGERS, June 12.

The action of the 9th and 10th which were fought near Neufeldt and Kaysersfuerzen, by the armies under Wurmser and Moreau were more bloody than all the preceding; the loss was considerable on both sides, but the Republicans had ultimately the advantage, they drove the Austrians from all their positions, and took possession of the towns of Durkheim, Kaysersfuerzen, Frankenthal and Grunstadt; they continue to advance to invest the fort of the Rhine, opposite Mainz.

Austrian Netherlands.

BRUSSELS, June 19.

The whole of the army commanded by general Jourdon, has quitted the Hundstruck to pass the Rhine, and carry the theatre of war to the right bank of the river. It is on this account that the arch duke Charles has removed his army to cover Frankfort.

There are no Austrian troops to cover Mayence on this side; the French have only left some small posts on the point, that they might carry all their forces to the right bank.

The army of Jourdon is encamped on this side of the Lahn, and that of the Austrians on the other. In this state of things, it cannot be long before we hear of a general battle.

All appearances are in favor of the French army. Every day is marked by petty combats, the advantage of which is sometimes on one side, and sometimes on the other.

France.

PARIS, June 8.

Letters from Pavia of the 18th ult. inform, that the students of that celebrated University, have declared themselves in favor of the revolution; they have requested to take up arms, in order to fight with their French friends against the common enemy, the

aristocrats and despots.—Bonaparte has gained an audience to the ambafadous of the Pope; they were about to throw themselves at the conqueror's feet, but he prevented it, and requested them to take a seat.

After a long pause, the apologetical meditations began to expand on the extreme admiration the holy father felt for the illustrious virtues of the gen. he praised his moderation and humanity to conquered nations, and concluded by soliciting peace.

Bonaparte replied, that they must apply to the Directory; that nevertheless it is, as well as the prince who had sent them, mightily on his benevolence, and on the protection of the army; that for the present he demanded no more than a subsidy of ten million, and a collection of six paintings and five statues, which were out sales in a country abounding with wonders, and the revenue of taxes.

Bonaparte conversed in Italian with ambassadors; they were quite satisfied with his proposals. June 15.

If we can believe letters from Straßburg, two Austrian Commissioners have passed thro' that place for Paris. What gives appearance of truth to this account is, that the letters from Vienna assure us that the Emperor is violently agitated.

He has forbidden the name of Bonaparte to be mentioned in any other way than by the title of "Chief of Brigands in Italy."—Our letters farther add, that the Cabinet of Austria has dispatched two couriers, one for Edinburgh, and the other for London.—Count Metternich is the one sent to London. He is directed to signify the Emperor's determination to make peace with the French Republic.

It seems certain that there are in Paris two Austrian Commissioners, who have to negotiate a peace.

June 17.

There is no longer a doubt of a renewal of negotiations between the French Republic and the Emperor; and we are promised important news in two days.

Joel Barlow, the celebrated Literary champion of Freedom, is appointed the American Minister at Algiers.

June 18.

Men who pretend to be well informed say, that a war between Spain and England is on the point of breaking out.

A letter from Vienna of the 20th of May informs that the Pope wished to pay a visit to that place, but that the Emperor refused the reception of the viceroy.

Letters from Hamburg say, that since the news of the victories in Italy Mr Pitt has recalled the orders which he gave to Melli's Doerner and Senbach, bankers in that town to hold a considerable sum of money at the disposition of the Emperor. If the English government ceases to advance money, the House of Austria must make peace.

It is generally reported in the council of Five hundred, that a courier is arrived, who in the name of the emperor, requires an armistice, and proposes, that these, at important places, such as Menz, shall be held as pledges during the negotiation.

It is farther added, that the principle difficulties were obviated this night, and that the preliminary of peace is signed between the Directory and the Envoy of the cabinet of Vienna, at Paris.

June 19.

The minister of the marine of the colonies has just learned from Rochfort, that on the 19th, Capt. Barney, of the Vengeur, brought in eleven vessels taken from the English.

It is currently reported here this day, that there has been a new battle fought on the Rhine, in which we have taken three thousand prisoners from the Austrians.

BOURDEAUX, June 23.

Extract of a letter from Beauvais to the Council of the Emperor.

" I demand of you a general and

of recompence for the judgments I have passed on him he is to be made Field Marshall of the Empire forewarn you that I have no more than 20,000 men, and the French have 60,000—that I shall fly to morrow the day after tomorrow and every day until I arrive into Siberia if they pursue me. My age authorizes me to tell the whole truth. In a word, make the union hate to conclude a peace on any conditions whatever."

England.

LONDON, June 20.

An article from Toulon, dated June 4, says, "The English fleet is still stationed before our port. They are waiting for two frigates which are destined to carry Abere Cubayet to Constantinople.—No vessel can enter the harbor but by mere accident. They take our ships under our very batteries; they have lately taken the corvette L'Unité, in the port of Bonn, on the coast of barbarity."

Private letters, brought by the Hamburgh mail, mention circumstances deserving particular observation, as coming from persons of good authority. They state, that a negotiation is on foot to marry the daughter of Louis XVI now at Vienna, to a son of the King of Spain, and to place both on the throne of France.

The following intelligence was on Saturday announced at Lloyd's in a letter from Christian land, (Norway) dated the third of June, transmitted by the post office of Edinburgh, to Mr. Bennet master of the coffee house,

" There are now cruising in the North seas, in the latitude fifty-seven, eight French and Dutch frigates, and some stout armed vessels under the orders of Capt Le Boeze, of the French Frigate Republic. They have already captured sixteen British vessels, one of them belonging to Thompson, commanded by David Holker."

A letter from Edinburgh which accompanied the above expresses much apprehension for the safety of a fleet of seventy sail of British vessels, which were appointed to sail some time since from the sound, under convoy of three frigates.

Admiral Macbride is stated to have been off Bergen, (in lat. fixy) on the fourteenth; a sloop was dispatched from Leith, in quest of him immediately on the receipt of the above intelligence, and we trust communicated it to him in sufficient time to prevent their return to port.

June 21.

The alarm of an invasion is undoubtedly to be revived, & a most expensive alarm it will be. Three men have been detected taking soundings on the northern coast, from the mouth of the Flumber to the Thames, and two of them, with their charts, have escaped; the third is now in custody; and it is found that for some time past they have been preparing craft for an expedition of this kind. This is the story, and if parliament is to move it is for the purpose of doubling the militia, and of preparing means of home defence against this threatened attack. The volunteer corps will be all in requisition.

There will be a legal question of great importance to settle in case of the separation of the Prince and Princess of Wales. Will her Royal Highness be entitled to her full dower of fifty thousand pound a year as a separate maintenance?

The Prince of Württemberg is to set out on his journey for England, to receive the fair hand of the Princess Royal, the latter end of the present month.

The expence of the marriage of the Prince of Württemberg, including dower, cloaths, jewels, &c. will be about one hundred and fifty thousand pounds.

June 22.

DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH ON THE RHINE.

We early this morning received news to the 22nd inst. inclusive, gen. Jourdon's letter it appears that the French have been defeated on the right bank of the Rhine by the archduke Charles. It is certainly not

to be expected that a French general will give a faithful account of the disasters experienced by his own army, but still there is sufficient in the letter of Jourdan to warrant a conclusion that the defeat he sustained has been of some magnitude. This indeed is evident from the avowed consequences of the action; Jourdan having been reduced to the necessity of recrossing the Rhine with precipitation. Kleber, who had rapidly advanced to the banks of the Nahe, having been compelled to fall back to the Sieg.

It should not escape our readers notice that in a former campaign the Sieg and Lahn were the places that the Republican army met with a severe check.

The retreat of general Wurster, and of the archduke from Hundsrück, it now appears, were skillful manœuvres to enable them to attack the French on the right bank of the Rhine, with more advantage.

Previous to Mr. Pitt's leaving town it was determined in Council, that Parliament should not be summoned to meet on the twelfth of July next, according to the return of the new writs. Notice to this effect was yesterday sent off to several of the Scotch and other members in distant parts of the country who were preparing to come to town. The new parliament will not meet, for the dispatch of business sooner than the early part of November.

This sudden change in political affairs, is to be attributed to another determination—that of not granting an imperial loan.

DOVER, June 6.

Last Thursday evening his majesty's sloop the Raccoon, capt. Roe, sail in, about six o'clock, with two large French gun boats, conveying five sail of Dutch merchantmen from Ostend to Flushing, an engagement ensued, and continued till half past eight o'clock when the gun boats and three of the convoy returned to Ostend, and escaped; the other two were captured and carried in the Downs yesterday. It is thought the enemies gun boats must have suffered very severely in their men, as the Raccoon's guns were observed to rake them fore and aft. The Raccoon had one man wounded.

BRISTOL, June 27.

From our London Correspondent, Saturday night June 23, 1796.
"Private advices received this evening represent the Austrian victory and the rear of the French as being the cause of the loss of 6000 men to gen. Jourdan, and that the Austrians were every hour expected to recross the Rhine and the Sieg, in the pursuit of the Republicans."

Scotland.

NEW-CASTLE, June 18.

From the Calcutta Monthly Journal of Jan. 1796.
Letters have been received by the late av. alstrom from the Eastward which intell. in that an insurrection of the Chinese of an alarming nature, had taken place at Java. Thirty thousand of the rebels but much oppressed people, are said to have recourse to arms, and being joined by a numerous body of slaves, of all the nations of the earth, to have spread terror and alarm throughout the whole districts of the vicinity of Batavia. The particular circumstances which led mild and innocent people, to measures of such apparent desperation, are not particularized.

Italy.

ITALY, May 24.

General Buonaparte has ordered an army of 15,000 men to penetrate into the Ecclesiastical States. Deputies from the Pope have however, already entered into a negotiation for a truce. The proposals of the French General are the same kind with those which the Duke of Parma has been compelled to accept. Buonaparte requires, besides the Appollo Belvedere, the Racoons, and other valuable statues, fifty pictures, at his own choice and a contribution of fifty millions of livres either in ready money or silverplate. The latter condition, it is expected, will be moderated by the mediation of the Spanish Ambassador at Rome, to a smaller sum.

History tells us of illustrious villains—but we never saw an illustrious villain in history.

American Occurrences.

Massachusetts.

SALEM, August 9.

Capt. John Barton, from Rochester, informs that the celebrated Capt. Barney late of Baltimore, has the command of a squadron of frigates, 8 in number, that were to sail in a few days from that port on a secret expedition, and were to be joined by 3 more from an adjacent port. It was conjectured the West Indies was their destination. Capt. Barney has often declared his anxious desire of visiting that "seat of infamy," Bermuda—and it may not be a false prophecy to predict the long-wished for destruction of this place by the above squadron—as Capt. B. has a few arrears to pay to some of the inhabitants of this Island.

BOSTON, June 19.

Capt. Nelson informs us, that Denmark was delivered to the French just previous to his sailing, in pursuance of the articles of the French and Spanish treaty, which cedes Spain Hispaniola to the French. The French immediately on getting possession, commenced the exercise of their colonial depots upon the Americans. They take all cargoes—at their own prices—and pay those prices principally in promises only.

August 17.

Yest. capt. Smith arrived here from St. Petersburg, in 47 days—he informs that in Denmark vigorous preparations were making for war. That naval Danish and Swedish fleets lay in Copenhagen road, completely victualled and manned—and that in Norway, two French privateers had taken and carried into Chilianland, fourteen British ships richly laden from the Baltic.

New-York.

NEW-YORK, August 16.

Extract of a letter from Port-aux-Prince, dated July 25.

"No military operations of any great moment have yet been undertaken, and this agreeably to the orders received from genl. Abercrombie, who is to open the campaign with the additional forces intended to be sent with him from Martinique, &c. for that purpose."

Extract of a letter by the Dispatch, from a gentleman in Bourdeaux, dated June 22, 1796.

"I have to inform you, that the infernal tyrant of Germany has sent two ambassadours to Paris to make peace.—Those villains are completely routed on the Rhine, as well as in Italy. I trust in a month, the French will have possession of Hanover, and the Bishoprick of Osnaburg; no doubt this is the next plan to be executed, in order to oblige the British pirates to give up their plunder in the West-Indies.

"There are still appearances of a Spanish war; I trust in God it will take place;—all nations on earth should rise in a mass against those British sea pirates—those murderers of the human race—may the Almighty hurl vengeance on this piratical nation!"

Capt. Bunker, of the barque Leilia, in twelve days from Turks-Island, has obligingly informed us, that previous to his arrival at that place, two French frigates passed the island, and that a few hours before he sailed, a brig commanded by a capt. Sprague, arrived there from Cape-Nicholas-Mole, bringing intelligence, that the above frigates had fallen in with an English fleet from Europe, under command and had captured a considerable number of them.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Dublin, to his friend in Norfolk, 1st May 1796.

"This place, though the metropolis of the kingdom, is in a horrid situation, the people so dissatisfied with the present mode of government, that they are almost languid, groaning under a weight too heavy to be borne. Nothing but the numerous militia keeps them from an open rebellion, which they seem ripe for; and I think must happen ere long. There is now 6000 militia in this small kingdom, supported by its government, trade dull, provisions high, the poor starving, beggars numberless, those

in tolerable circumstances speak of nothing but emigration.—A man must scarcely mention the name of America or France, for fear of being accused of treason."

Philip Party Price Middleton, was tried on Thursday the 26th May in the court of king's bench, London, for endeavoring to entice artifices to emigrate to America. It appeared he was a man of property, and had engaged 1200 persons for that purpose. He was found guilty. The penalty is 500l and one years imprisonment.

The following curious note we extract from a Paris paper.

It is not only the courage and talents of Buonaparte but more particularly his name, which contains the letter R. terrifies the people of Rome:

—This wants to be explained.

A much revered prophet of that country has announced several centuries ago, that Italy would not be subdued except by a general who had but one R in his name; that resistance against such a one would be vain; that Rome would open its gates to him; and that the powers of the pope would from that time be at an end. The Romans pretend, that the prophet in question, never deceived them; that all his oracles were hitherto found true. In confirmation of this, they cite several proofs. It was observed, that from the commencement of the war, they were persuaded that Kellerman, one day, would set the tri-colored flag on the capitol, because his name contained the fatal letter.

It is more than probable, that the honor of verifying the prophecy is reserved for Buonaparte; yet it must be allowed, that with armed like ours, generals with or without an R, possess powerful means to recover the native country of Cicero and Brutus to philosophy and Liberty.

August 27.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London to his friend in Hartford, dated June 14, 1796.

"Sad work with the prince of Wales and the princess, through that wicked woman Lady Jersey, who has been the means of parting them; they have not lived together for the last four months; great stir.—The prince becomes in eyes of the populace, very popular; and the prince becomes altogether hated. Lord Thurlow endeavored to reconcile matters, but he was forbid Carlton house. Mr. Pitt was asked, but I think gave a very just answer; "that he had trouble enough between father and son, without medling between man and wife."

Three French frigates under the command of capt. Barney, anchored at the Moro castle, Havanna, on the 9th inst. They were to sail next day in quest of a Jamaica convoy.

The president of the United States yester day received the Chevalier Martinez de Yrujo; as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from his catholic majesty to the United States.

New-Jersey.

TRENTON, August 23.

The capture of the city of Trent, cannot fail to spread terror from one end of the Austrian dominions to the other. It will also contribute a considerable share to the restoration of the french finances. Its bishop is one of the richest of Germany, and must rather be considered as tributary to, than as a subject or the house of Austria. From the position of Trent it appears, that the French are also masters of Roveredo, a very flourishing town in the fourth division of Tyrol. They are undoubtedly in possession also of Chiros, a Venetian fort of great strength, which serves as a gate to a narrow pass between the Alps, and was always considered as the bulwark of the Venetian state against Austria, and the key of Tyrol.

Georgia.

AUGUSTA, July 14.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Colerain, to his friend in this place, dated June 27.

"I wrote to you by the last post giving some account of the politics of this place. Having been here almost ever since, I will endeavor to give some further account."

"It is my opinion, that Jackson and Simons have damaged the treaty. It seems to me the former is deranged, his arrogance overleaps any thing I

have ever seen.—From his want of temper, he disgusted the Indians as well as the federal commissioners. Declamatory invective made up all his oratory, and pervaded his whole deportment upon this important mission. Col. Hendrick's conduct is much approved; and had his measures been pursued, the lands might have been obtained. He associated with all the gentlemen engaged in the negotiation, and gained their esteem. I think he ought to protest against the proceedings of his colleagues, but I am afraid he will not. Jackson's mean endeavors to shift the blame of his own shoulders, will, I fear be too successful with the misguided people; but be assured that the federal commissioners, and Mr. Seagrove, continued to do every thing in their power, as long as Jackson kept within tolerable bounds. You may rely on this account of affairs, although I cannot at present defend to particulars, some little matters have turned up here, which may probably stop his career in a short time.

July 23.

MR. SMITH,

The failure at the late treaty with the Creek Indians, in the accomplishment of the object of the state of Georgia, as yet remains unexplained to public, except a partial and anonymous publication at Savannah. The following letter, on that subject, from the commissioners of the United States, written upon the spot, with apparent candor, and under the impression of official responsibility, explains the cause; and its publication, thenceforth, cannot but be very satisfactory to the citizens. With this view, a copy of the original has been procured, and committed to the Pres.

A CITIZEN.

Augusta, July 20, 1796.

Colerain, July 1, 1796.

SIR,

Having terminated our mission here by concluding a treaty of peace and friendship with the Creek nation, we feel it a duty we owe to your excellency, to make this communication to you; to inform you of the pacific disposition of the Creeks. They have among other things, stipulated with us, to carry the treaty of New-York completely into effect; and to aid in running the line, from the toe of the main south fork of the Oconee to the Chattooga mountain; at such time and in such manner, as the President of the United States should direct. The expectation formed by your late resolution relative to the purchase or cession, lands guaranteed to the Indians are frustrated. The representative of the Creek nation came instructed by the whole nation, not to part with the lands. We were not apprised of this till our negotiation had been extended to all the objects connected immediately with our mission. We are being informed of it, though it is our duty, to examine whether any improper interference had been used, to produce this determination of the nation; and we are of opinion, after the necessita' enquiry that there was not any such interference, on the part of any of the citizens of the United States.

From the long, repeated and friendly conversations, we have had with the chiefs, we have been able to draw from them some information, which we owe to our situations to give freely to you: It is, that it will require some time, and a considerable degree of prudence, to impress in the uprightness of the views of your government, and in the friendly and peaceable intentions of its citizens, who inhabit the frontiers; and until such confidence is established, we are of opinion, that all attempts to acquire land from them by fair and open purchase, will be ineffectual.

With our best wishes for the prosperity of the state of Georgia,

We have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your obedient servants,
BENJAMIN HAWKINS,
GEORGE CLYMER,
ANDREW PICKENS

His excellency JARED IRWIN,
Governor of the State of Georgia,

A people jealous, as they ought to be, of their just rights, should beware lest they become dupes of their own credulity, which is the child of jealousy; and they, united, are in their co operations, as injurious to rational liberty, as passive obedience ever was, or ever can be.

Concerning the late treaty with the Creeks, there are in quick motion, hosts of reports, as inflammatory as

they had been formed for that very purpose. The transactions in that important business, cannot, with propriety, be published before they shall have been laid before the President. But we think ourselves warranted in saying, that when they do appear by authority, they will extinguish the flame now kindled by false reports.

Wherefore it is hoped, that censures on the measures, and acting characters will be suspended, until an authentic statement thereof can be had; and then, we doubt not, but truth shall appear, with her usual energy, triumphant over all her enemies.

NOTICE.

A Petition will be presented to the next general Assembly for the establishing a town of Greenville in the month of December.

Buttock but not perceptible appraised to 91.

GEORGE WHITE.

June 14.

Taken up by the subscriber, in Clarke county on the waters of Lulubug, one bay horse about fourteen hands high, about seven years old, about a four mile bell on tyed with a leather strap, appraised to eighteen pounds.

* WILIAM HAZELRIGG.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on Cabin creek, Mason county, a forel mare fourteen hands high fifteen or sixteen years old, branded on the near shoulder and buttock D has a four shilling bell, appraised to eight pounds.

JAMES BARKLY.

September 7.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Drakes camp creek near Outleys Mill one gray Mare four years old, with a round bell on, tros and paces, about fourteen hands high, appraised to 51.

ARCHIPALD CLINTON.

September 2.

Taken up by the subscriber, Lincoln county Drakes creek one roan horse five years old, trot natural branded on the near shoulder and buttock C has a full high, appraised to six pounds.

JESSE RICHARDSON.

August 22.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Drakes camp creek, near Outleys Mill one bay mare about eight years old, about four hands high a small star in her forehead a pearl like one other thigh has been broke, appraised to four pounds ten shillings.

THOMAS PURKNESS.

August 26.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Drakes camp creek near Outleys Mill one brown mare about fourteen hands high with a few saddle spots on her back and branded on the near shoulder and buttock C has a full high, about three or four years old this spring the paces and toes both appraised to eight pounds.

JAMES MOBBLEY.

August 27.

Taken up by James Adams, and delivered to the subscriber, living on the waters of Drakes camp creek, near Outleys Mill, one bay horse about thirteen hands one inch high with a small break in his forehead and a strip on his nose, he is branded on the near shoulder and buttock C has been created in the neck one hind foot white and one fore foot white he is five years old, appraised to eight pounds.

JESSE RICHARDSON.

August 26.

Taken up by the subscriber, lived on the waters of Drakes creek near Outleys Mill two creatures one a bay mare about thirteen hands high about four years old, tros and paces, she has a small blaze in her forehead & the left hind foot white, appraised to five pounds ten shillings.

Also one brown filly about one year old this spring, no brand, appraised to four pounds.

BENJAMIN COMMONS.

September 3.

Lexington, September 17.

We hear that gen. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, of South-Carolina, is to succeed Mr. Monroe, as minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the French Republic.

Mr. Pinckney is a gentleman of the first abilities, a firm republican Patriot, and a decided and unequivocal friend to the constitution and government of his own country.

Gaz. U. S.

The treaty of friendship, limits and navigation between the United States and his Catholic majesty, has received a final ratification.

JOHN FOWLER, and THOMAS T. DAVIS Esquires, are elected members to Congress from this state.

The Savannah Advertiser, of August 5, says, "We hear that the yellow fever has made way into the city of Charleston, and commenced its malignancy on the unfortunate citizens of that place. We fear that this will conclude what has been threatened by the late fire."

In consequence of the above, the council met on Wednesday last, and issued an order obliging all vessels from Charleston, to perform a quarantine of 15 days at Cockspur."

PARIS, June 15,
Buonaparte has already sent seven millions to Genoa; ten millions have arrived since. He has further sent two millions to the army of the Rhine. The army of Italy coets the Republic nothing.

We are informed from Basle that the Cantons of Zurich, have officially announced to our ambassador Barthélémy, that all the Cantons of Switzerland have acknowledged the French Republic.

PARIS, June 15,
The celebrated astronomer, De la Land, has reckoned the inhabitants of our globe at a thousand millions. Profix the population of France at twenty-five millions, six hundred thousand.

MR. BRADFORD
As the names of several candidates for the office of Electors of Electors, of a President and Vice President of the United States, have already been made known to the people by means of the public papers, it may not be amiss to inform them, by the same means, that Gen. Robert Todd and Col. John Edwards offer themselves as candidates for the ensuing election.

A SUBSCRIBER.

WANTED,
AN OVERSEER, to overlook ten hands.—His time to commence in October next— to whom good hand wages will be given. Apply to the Printer, and apply quickly.

August 2, 1796.

Notice.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from taking a conveyance of one thousand acres of land, lying in Shelby county, on the waters of Gilt's fork, a branch of Brasfield's creek, adjoining Dyer's land, from Philip Buckner of Mason county; as I have the said Philip Buckner's obligation, dated the 6th day of December 1792, for the conveyance of the said one thousand acres of land, the patent for which is now lying in the hands of Mr. Benjamin Sebastian, under our a greenleaf. JOHN GRIFFITH.
30|| Sept. 9, '96.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons not to trade for an allignment of two bonds for one hundred pounds each executed by me to a certain John Doyle late of Washington county Virginia lately removed to the state of Kentucky or elsewhere as I am determined not to pay the same unless compelled by law as I have from under his hand not to call for payment until he makes me a right for a certain tract of land which right it is improbable he can make as neither resists him nor in the person he purchased in.

ELIZABETH ROSSLE.

Washington county, Virginia.

August 27 1796.

In it will be considered an act of friendship to the public in general for all the printers in Kentucky to give this place in their papers a present imposition.

The Subscribers

REQUEST all persons indebted to them either by bond, note or book account, to come forward and discharge their respective balances on or before the fifth day of September next. Those who neglect to comply with the above notice, may depend on having their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection.

BOGGS & ANDERSON.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED, from my detachment, this morning, Thomas Dunton, and Samuel Sanders, both private soldiers in the second fusilier company. Dunton is about five feet ten inches high, dark eyes, light hair, and well proportioned. I took with him a portion of his uniform clothing. Sanders is about five feet eight inches high, dark eyes and hair, dark complexion, rather slender build; rank with a light infantry cap, and some uniform clothing.

The above reward will be given for delivering them to any officer of the legion, or securing them in any jail in the United States, and all reasonable expenses paid, or TEN DOLLARS Reward. It is highly probable they will make for the Rapids of Ohio, or the mouth of Kentucky, as they were seen early in the morning marching downwards.

B. GAINES, Capt. U. S. L.

Greenville, June 22, 1796.

WHEREAS I have in my possession a bond given by Thomas Perkins, Jr. to Jacob Myers, for the conveyance of one equal half of 1200 acres of land; and as I am informed that a certain Ezekiel Whitman is vested with powers from the heirs of said Perkins to settle the business of said deceased; I hereby request said Whitman to come forward and divide said land, agreeable to the above mentioned bond.

WM. BURKE.

Mulicount, Locust Island, Sep. 14.

18.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raising the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of erecting a DUCK and LINEN MANUFACTORY in Georgetown. In three Classes—4000 Dollars by the first, and 3000 the two last.

CLASS THE FIRST.

1 Prize of	2000 Dollars	is 2000 Dollars
1	1000	1000
3	400	1200
21	300	800
621	200	1200
10	100	1000
20	50	1000
25	25	800
800	12	9600
695	6	4170
2 of 200 dollars each being		
1 for the first and 1 for		400
the last drawn ticket,		26670

1779 Prizes.

3555 Blanks.

5334 Tickets at 5 Dollars each is 26670

Subject to a premium of fifteen per centum.

AS every encouragement ought to be given to manufacturers in this state, this is in particular claims the attention of the public. The many advantages which will arise from a manufacturing Duck, will be to entitle us to every man of refection, that the money raised will be necessary to engage on the part of the several principles engaged in the manufacture (not two or three to a yard) will, exclusive of that encouragement, justify the prospective adventurer upon principles of gain. The managers therefore farther enclose that they will meet with increased engagement, a sale of the tickets as will in a short time justify their appearance and giving public notice when the drawing of the lottery will commence.

Tickets may be had by applying in Lexington to me, John Bradford and Alexander McGregor, in Frankfort to Mr. George Madison, in Versailles to Doctor Weston, or to

J. GRANT,

W. HENRY, Managers.

J. HAWKINS.

* Any person purchasing 20 tickets, shall have a creel until the Lottery is drawn.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

In the town of Paris, and county of Bourbon for raising the sum of 2500 dollars for opening the navigation of the South fork of Lick river.

Prize of 1000 Dollars	is 1000 Dollars
2	250
3	100
6	50
8	30
12	25
32	10
120	5
1486	3

For the benefit of the scheme exclusive of 10 per cent discount upon prizes.

5000 tickets at two dollars each 10000

The prices will be paid in the town of Paris (only subject to a discount of ten per cent) twenty days after the lottery is drawn, and the draw not called within eighteen months after the draw is finished, will be considered as donations made to the benefit of the scheme.

The prizes drawn in this lottery, shall be regularly published in the Kentucky papers, and a numerical book, kept in Paris, which may be had examined (gratis) by any adventurer in this scheme.

Tickets may be had by applying to any of the unclaimed persons who are appointed Managers by law; and the drawing shall commence as soon as two thirds of the Tickets can be disposed of.

N. B. The Cheapest of the Tickets with the advantages of the scheme (going two blanks to a prize) it is hoped will entitle the patronage of the public.

Paris April 1796.

JON EDWARDS.

JEN. G. CRAVEN J. Edwards.

JAMES KENNEDY.

CHARLES SMITH.

WILLIAM GASKARD.

W.M. KELLY, by J. Alexander.

WILLIAM BOSELL.

JAMES SMITH.

The scheme of a Lottery in the town of Paris and county of Bourbon, for raising the sum of 2500 dollars for opening the navigation of the South fork of Lick river, published in the Kentucky Gazette, would subject the Managers to be accountable for one third of the tickets which might be in their hands at the commencement of the drawing, agreeable to the scheme published in the Gazette. The Managers, have therefore resolved, that the drawing of the said lottery shall not commence until the whole of the tickets can be disposed of.

By order of the Board.

AMOS EDWARDS, C. B.

Courbon August 6, 1795.

For more advertisements see Gazette Extra.

EPITAPH

On JOSEPH CRUMP.

ONCE sturdy and plump,
But now a pale lump,
Beneath this old stump,
Lies honest Joe Crump,
Who will'd to his neighbor no evil
And the' by death's clump
He's laid on his rump,
Yet up he shall jump,
When he hears the last trump,
And triumph o'er death and the devil.

ANECDOTE.

A jury being summoned to sit on the body of a woman who had hanged herself; a gentleman going by, on seeing them enter the house, asked what the matter was, and being told they were going to sit on a dead body, said I'll be hanged if to many don't squeeze her to death.

A FACT.

Verbal directions given by a celebrated Quack to a negro woman, how to dress a bicker.

When the canes have sufficiently exorcised the parts, excise the cutis, by the assistance of a keen scalpanum. This will produce an instantaneous evacuation of a large portion of aqueous matter, collected between the cutis and cuticula. Then take the foliage of a colewort, amputate the coifer fibres, and after giving it a culinary fumolification, apply it to the rulnus.

A TOUCH OF THE WONDERFUL.

WORCESTER, (Mass.) July 27.

From a Correspondent in Rutland.

A very singular circumstance has lately occurred in the vicinity of this town, which has excited a general curiosity, and remains as yet unexplained. On the morning of the 16th inst. (the day after the late heavy showers) a Mr. Aaron Morfe, of Paxton, on going into a piece of mowing a few rods distance from his house, discovered a number of small fish feathered among the grass. On searching with some of his neighbours, they found, in the course of the day and the day following in the compass of three or four rods, one hundred and thirty three pouts, or cat fish, all of them alive, some of them measuring five or six inches in length and weighing from a quarter to a half pound.

The place where they were found is a piece of land remote from any pond or stream from which they could have been washed out by the rain.—There is a pond at the distance of a half a mile from the spot, which abounds with this kind of fish. But there is no visible communication, and a very large hill intervening, it is impossible they should be brought to the place by a natural current of water. It is the prevailing opinion among the people in the neighborhood, that they were drawn up from the pond previous to the rain by the influence of the sun; that they floated in the vapor until they reached this spot and then dropped from the clouds. Whether this opinion can be supported by philosophical principle, or whether, a more probable cause can be assigned, is left for investigation.

That they either were transported in the air, or traveled on dry land is absolutely certain as there is evidently no water communication, which could have landed them within half a mile of the spot. The fact is indubitable, and will be attested to by persons of undoubted veracity.

FOR SALE,

ONE hundred and forty acres of first rate land, situated in the Forks of Elkhorn, three miles above Nathaniel Saunders's mill, well timbered, with good improvements, (viz) a hewed log house, together with several other necessary buildings—about twenty-five acres cleared and under good fence—a small meadow, and an excellent young peach orchard of about three hundred trees—an excellent never failing spring, the stream of which runs through the orchard. A general warranty deed will be given for said land, and payment made easy to the purchaser. For further application see the subscriber living on the premises, or to Enoch Fenwick in Lexington, who is authorized to sell the same.

* * * WILLIAM ROBERTS.

TO BE SOLD.

A VALUABLE plantation, containing near 300 acres, lying on Shely's branch of Blacklick, within half a mile of the State's creek road, Fayette county. About one half is walnut land, and the other chestnut oak; about thirty acres cleared; it is well calculated for two plantations; there is never a single spring; there is also a hemp mill which is very profitable in this country. For terms apply to the subscriber living on the premises.

* * * SAMUEL SMITH.

WILL be exposed to sale on the third Tuesday in October next, at the Capital, in the town of Frankfort, so much of each of the following tracts of LAND, as will be sufficient to discharge the tax due thereon for the year 1795. (viz)

John Auburn, 1000 acres, on the Ohio.
William Cary, 200, on the Kentucky.
Smith Payne, 500, Bailey's run.
James Williams, 749, on the Twins.
Alexander Atkins, 400, Kentucky river.
Elijah Craig, 1000, Eagle creek.
Benjamin Hatcher, 15,913, Ohio.
James Marshall, 2252, Cedar creek.
Austin Morris, 1333 1-3, Saven creek.
Kenneon Jones, 86,000, on the Ohio, Big Bone and Eagle creek, in ten tracts.
Robert Stephens, 1000, Ohio.
Samuel Terrell 500, Little Benfren.
James Allen, 1000, Kentucky river.
Kenneon Jones, 3,700, Ohio.

Ditto.

JOHN SMITH,

Sheriff of Franklin County.

Sept. 14, 1796.

For Sale,

SIX THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND,

ENTERED for maj. John Mofsy, dec, and patented in the name of Littleberry Moyley, heir at law of said John Mofsy; lying on main Licking, being part of ten thousand acres, beginning at one hundred poles above the mouth of a creek that runs into the Licking, on the east bank, and extends four miles below the fourth fork of Licking, and extending down Licking in ten surveys—it is unnecessary to describe the land, as the purchaser will be disposed to make the necessary inquiries previous to his making any purchases.—The title is supported by those who have carefully examined it to be unquestionable.—Upon paying part of the purchase money, a reasonable credit will be given for the balance.

James Brown, Atto, in fact

For Littleberry Mofsy, jun.

Lexington, June 15, 1796.

N. B. I will also dispose of any other land in Kentucky claimed by said Mofsy.

CHEAP LANDS

The Subscribers purpose selling the following Tracts, viz.

FIVE hundred acres, part of that noted tract called Floyd's Woodstock tract, within eight miles of Lexington and seven from the Kentucky river, the center of which is a never failing spring.

Five hundred acres, lying within six miles of the town of Cynthiana being one half of a thousand acre survey made for maj. John Mofsy, adjoining Coleman's station.

Five hundred acres, situated on the Hanging fork, within six miles of the late governor's; and five hundred acres, lying on the Kentucky river, on a part of his land, which is well cleared; on it is a fine orchard of his hundred trees, that has more than hundred gallons of maple in one year, and there is every appearance of a abundance of timber to make five hundred rods of fence, with an acre of ground of four hundred logs rising trees; and a choice collection of cherry trees; together with twenty-five thousand well burnt brick, and a good frame for a house. The above farm rents this year for two hundred dollars.

We will sell the above property VERYLOW, as we are in want of money, and will give a good and sufficient title.

ABIJAH & JOHN W. HUNT.

FOR SALE

ONE thousand acres of the late General Stephen's military survey LANDS on Hickman, about ten miles from Lexington, and adjoining that part on which General Lawford now lives. For terms apply to Thomas Hart and Cornelius Beatty of said town who are empowered to dispose of the same.

I HAVE FOR SALE, ABOUT

330 Acres of LAND,

Lying on Shantons run, near Parker's mill, in the county of Fayette, being part of Angus McDonald's military survey—this tract is well watered as any in the state, and abounds in a number of excellent and never failing springs, besides being 60 acres cleared, and 40 acres watered, and is in a meadowlike situation. Mrs. Shinely, who lives near this tract, will show the premises. A general warranty will be made to the purchaser, who may know the terms on application to Peyton Short, of Woodford, who is authorized to dispose of the same, or the subscriber.

THOMAS CARNEAL.

TROTTER & SCOTT,

HAVING sold off their Store, especially reserving all those indebted to them, by bond, note or open account, to come forward & make immediate payment to themselfes or Mr. William Scott, who is authorized to receive, and give discharge.—Those who neglect this notice, cannot expect any longer indulgence. They will attend for the above purples at the house they lately occupied on Main street.

GEORGE ADAMS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened Tavern, in that commodious house on Main street; the third door below Croft street; where those who please to favor him, with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

WASHING

To be had at the subscriber's— and a few GENTLE GUARDERS will be sent, next door to Mr. Huston the saddler, on Main street, Lexington.

JOSIAS BULLOCK.

MAY 23, 1796.

Twenty Dollars reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation in Bull's settlement, in March last, a negro boy, about eighteen years of age, slender make, but remarkable large feet, on one of his hands is a scar caused by Britain, but originally called Ned, his dress I have reason to believe is changed. The said boy was some weeks past taken up by a gentleman on the north side of the Ohio river, and made his escape within five miles of my house. Any person who will deliver said negro to me, shall receive the above reward, or have his apprehension deduced to that he will agree, shall receive ten dollars, and all reasonable charges.

RO. CLARK, jun.

Clarke county, May 21, 1796.

16

THE SUBSCRIBER

REQUESTS all those indebted to James Trabue, by bond or notes, who live in the counties of Harrison and Bourbon, to be ready to make payment in a few weeks, as I have pressing demands for the money, and will call on them, or on before the October courts. Those who do not avail themselves of the above notice, may expect no further indulgence.

DANIEL TRABUE.

Woodford county, Sept. 12.

N. B. The sheriffs of said counties may expect me to settle James Trabue's land with them at that time.

2w

THE PARTNERSHIP OF MC COWN & CALFEE

THEIR partnership is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, as no further indulgence can now be given. The books are in the hands of James McCown.

PUBLIC NOTICE,

IS given to the collectors of the Revenue of the United States, that those who fail making their returns by the fifteenth day of October next will be returned as delinquent collectors.

THOS. MARSHALL,

Supervisor of the district of Ohio.

September 9, 1796.

2p

Notice.

ON the fourteenth day of July 1793 I made an entry for nineteen hundred acres of land, on the Kentucky river, between Leetown & the mouth of Elkhorn, beginning at a beech tree marked I.W. AM (joined together) on the bank of the river. All concerned will therefore take notice, that on the fifth day of October next, I shall, by virtue of an order of Franklin court, and in conformity to the act of assembly in such cases made and provided, meet with the commissioners and with my witnesses, at the said beach tree called for as the beginning corner of said entry, and will then and there take fundry depositions in order to perpetuate the said beginning, and do such other acts as the said law may direct and authorize.

Henry French.

September 15.

Notice.

ON the twenty-first day of October next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the court of Shelby county, on an entry of one thousand acres, made in the name of Charles Seaman; also an entry of five hundred acres, made in the name of Jonathan Seaman, both on treasury warrants, and on the second w. s. of Drennon's Lick creek, in order to take the depositions of certain witnesses, to perpetuate their testimony concerning said land, and do such other things as may be necessary, and is by law required.

Joseph Dupuy,
Agent for Cha. and Jonath. Seaman.

Notice.

THAT commissioners, appointed by the county court of Mason, will attend on the eighth day of October next at James Wilson's on the head of the Flat fork of Johnson's fork of Licking, in order to take depositions of fundry witnesses respecting an improvement made by James Waters, to establish the settlement claim of Robert Poage, heir at law to William Poage, who was a witness of James Waters; and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

ROBERT POAGE.

September 10, '96.

Notice.

THIS is to forewarn all persons from taking an aignment on a bond given by me to Archilas Helm, for ten pounds, dated 2d November '95 and payable some time in fall '96; I do not recollect the exact time; as I have paid the said ten pounds, & have paid Helm's receipt for the same.

GEO. Dougherty.

September 12, '96.

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the late partnership of IRWIN & BAYRON, are requested to pay their accounts or notes to THOMAS IRWIN or JOHN A. SEARLE, who only can give discharges. One month's indulgence will be given and no longer.

2w

KENTUCKY GAZETTE EXTRA.

[NUMB. I.]

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1796.

[VOL. X.]

WILLIAM MACBEAN,

At the Old Court House, Cross street;
BEGS leave to acquaint the Merchants
in Lexington and its neighbourhood,
that he has imported from Philadelphia, an
affortment of DRY GOODS, (in all sorts
of packages) suited to the fall season; which
he will dispose of on very low terms; for
Cash or approved Notes, by whole sale only—
Confiding of

Woollen Cloths,
Cottons,
Blankets,
Thickets,
Corduroys,
Velveteens,
Fukians,
Jeans and Jeannets,
Venins & Sattinets,
Irid Linens,
Belt Durham Mustard in bottles and calks,
Small Looking Glasses in gilt frames;
Small Engravings in handtooled frames;
Tremometers, Printed Books, &c. &c.
Lexington, 23 August, 1796.

This is to inform my friends, and the public in general, that I have just opened

A STORE,

In Lexington, where I formerly kept Saddler's shop, at the corner of Main and Cross street.—Confiding of

A Handsome affortment of Dry Goods,
And Hare Wares—amongst which are a few sets of Saddler's and Shoemaker's tools complete. A most elegant affortment of Milner's work, such as Buttons, Buttons, Caps, Feathers, and a number of other handsome pieces of Ornament for ladies. Together with a few lady's Watch Chains and Gold Ear Rings; all of the newest fashions.

ALSO

A large and general affortment of
M E D I C I N E,
Among which is the following Patent Medicine, (to wit.)

Catapl. Sweet, and British oil.
Godfrey's cordial.
Bartram's drops.
Turlington's balsam of life.
Anderson's pills.

ALSO

Madder Alum, White Ink-Powder, & a quantity of excellant Sponges; together with a number of other articles too tedious to mention. All of which will be disposed of at wholesale or retail, by the publisher, at an affordment number of persons.

BENJ. S. COX.
A. & J. W. HUNI,
WILL PURCHASE TOBACCO
of the present year's growth, at their stores
in Lexington, Danville and Frankfort.

STOLEN

FROM the subscriber, living one mile below Abingdon, in Washington county Virginia, a large bay Horse, about fifteen hands high or upwards, four years old last spring, remarkably round bodied, trots and paces, has been worked constantly this summer, and rides very clumsy, has a small star and has been branded on the near jaw with something like I, but is not very perceptible, he is out of a Tello horse, and shews the marks of that breed, and is sleepy eyed, his mane and tail black, switch tail, light mane; was stolen about the night of the 25th of this instant. Any person securing the horse and thief so that he may be brought to justice, shall have thirty dollars reward, or for the horse fifteen dollars and reasonable charges, paid by me.

August 31. If ROBERT CRAIG.

We hereby forewarn all persons from taking an affortment on a bond or an agreement entered into on the fifth day of January 1796, between Robert Pogue of the county of Mafon, and the subscriber; for we do not intend to comply with that agreement, as we consider ourselvesto be defrauded.

WILLIAM DANIEL.

BENJAMIN DANIEL.

Mercer, Sept. 8, 1796. || 22

LAND For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonable.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

FOR SALE.

Six Hundred Thousand Acres of Valuable LAND,

SITUATED in the counties of Franklin, Clark, Bourbon, Mafon, Madison, Lincoln, Hardin and Green. The taxes shall be paid, and other incumbrances discharged at the state, and in the manner prescribed by law.

The subscriber, who will hereafter reside in this town, is authorized to dispose of the above mentioned property by a power of attorney, recorded in the office of the court of appeals. As he means to practice law in the adjacent courts, persons desiring to purchase the different tracts, will have an opportunity of contracting with him at any of those places.

Charles W. Bird.

Lexington, July 8, 1796. 12m.

FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL SITUATION OF

First qualified Land.

CONTAINING three hundred and thirty acres, in main Elizur, four miles from the mouth of the river, which runs into the same, about five miles from Elizur; the land is level and lies exceeding well for farming and meadow; there is thirty-five acres cleared and under good fence, several very good cabbins, a good spring and a valuable mill seat; likewise abundance of excellent timber of different kinds, and the range equal to any in the district; a good title will be given by the subscriber, living on the premises in Franklin county.

JOS. FENWICK.

July 22, 1796. 12m.

FOR SALE, The following Tracts of LAND, the property of Capt. Thomas Bedford, (to wit.)

800 Acres on the waters of slate and flat creeks, near the Iron Works, entered and patented in the name of William Davis. Also

1000 acres on the north fork of Licking, in Mafon county, half of Samuel Henry's 2000 acre survey. And

520 acres, Nelson county, on After's creek, in the name of John Pemberton.

These lands will be held for cash, or exchanged on advantageous terms, for Military lands on Green river, or for good lands, conveniently situated in the Cumberland country. The purchaser will apply to the subscriber, living in Scott county.

WM. HENRY, Agent

For said Bedford.

Logan county. April court of Quarter Sessions 1796.

John Irwin, Complainant.

Elizabeth Montgomery, William Montgomery, Margr. Marg. Montgomery and Jas. D. George Montgomery, heirs and representatives of Jas. D. George Montgomery deceased. Plaintiff.

In Chancery.

The defendants now having entered their appearance agreeably to an act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court that they are no inhabitants of this state, therefore the question of the cause (it is proposed that it be tried on the fourth Tuesday in September next, and afterver the bill of complaint)—that a copy of this order be inserter in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, published at the door of the Presbyterian meeting house in the town of Lexington, some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the court house of this county.

(A Copy.) Teste

BUT SAM. CALDWELL, Clerk.

THE SUBSCRIBER

REQUESTS all that's indebted to him either by bond, note or book account to make payment before the first day of September next, at which time he expects to go from here to Philadelphia for a fresh supply of Goods. Those who do not avail themselves of the above notice may expect no further indulgence.

WILLIAM LEAVY.

Lexington, July 14, 1796.

FRESH GOODS

5 Alex. & James Parker,

HAD several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonable.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, 4th August, 1796.

May 27, 1796.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS opened in the stone house adjoining his Store in Latsor tow, opposite the Court House, a large and handsome assortment of well chosen MERCHANTIZE, suited to the present season, which they will sell on very moderate terms for CASH and HIDES.

LEXINGTON January 22 1796.

WILLIAM WEST.

LEXINGTON January 22 1796.

A CAUTION.

The subscriber having a grant or patent from the state of Virginia; for ten thousand two hundred acres of land, lying in Jefferson county, on Floyd's fork, Cedar creek and Fern creek, adjoining the land of Abraham Hite, Jacob Spear and others, in which the late Mr. John May, deceased interred; and the representatives of the said John May, having, for a valuable consideration, released to me and to my heirs all his right to and interest in said lands, except the average value of two hundred acres, part thereof, this is caution all persons against purchasing said John May's right to any land contained within the bounds of the said patent or grant, but from some person duly authorized by me.

WILLIAM FLEMING.

Lexington, September 7, 1796. 12m.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from crediting my wife Mary Ann Chaney, as will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

EDMUND CHANEY.

September 2, 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber on

Huntington creek, a branch of Licking, a foal Horse, five years old, near

fifteen hands high, his near hind foot white, branded on the near shoulder.

G

and on the off shoulder P, a large

pair on the top of his head, and on the

hair on the top of his head, appraised to 161 10s.

JOHN MCGINNIS.

August 27, 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber living

on the Lee's town road, Fayette

county, seven miles from Lexington,

a bright bay horse, seven years old,

no brand, a large lamp on his left

shoulder, fourteen and a half hands

high, a small bell marked LEIG,

appraised to 71.

WM. STEWART.

September 6, 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber on

Clear creek Woodford, county, a yellow

bay Horse, three years old, four

hands high, a black break down

his back, both hind feet white, blood

all round, branded on the near shoulder

to 81 10s.

JAMES HOWARD.

May 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber in

Bourbon county, on Donnalson's

fork, a dark chestnut colored Horse, fit

for the saddle, trots naturally, branded

on the near shoulder and buttock 9,

appraised to 22.

WILLIAM MARK.

May 25, 1796. 12m.

CASH FOR HIDES.

WILL give Cash for Hides at my Tan-

yard, nearly opposite Col. Patterson's,

Water street in Lexington.—Where I will

also hide tan on the shares.

SEPTEMBER 1.

JACOB KRIE.

Taken up by the subscriber in

Mercer county, on McClure's run, Bour-

boun county, an old brown Mare with a notch in her ear,

about thirteen hands two inches high, ap-

praised to four pound.

Taken up by the subscriber

on McClure's run, Bourbon county, an old brown Mare with a notch in her ear,

about thirteen hands two inches high, ap-

praised to four pound.

William Fisher.

May 28 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber, in Fayette county, waters of N. kirkwood, a black Mare, four years old, thirteen hands and a half high, branded on the buttock Q, trots and paces, appraised to 71.

BOSTON HARP.

May 11, 1796. 12m.

Taken up by the subscriber, in

Clark county, near the mouth of

Boone's creek, a bay Mare, about 3:

years old, fourteen hands high, bran-

ded on the near buttock P, and the

appearance of a brand on the near

shoulder, but not plain, a white spot

on the off arm, a small white spot on

the near side, a star in the face, ap-

praised to 151.

GEORGE ROUTT.

May 9, 1796. 12m.

His is to forewarn all persons

from taking an affortment on a

bond given by G. W. Downes, of

Mercer county, to James Smith of

the said county, for eight pounds

ten shillings, dated in august 1796

and payable the 26th day of Decem-

ber next, as I refuse to pay the

same, until he performs his contract

with me. GEO. W. DOWNES.

Sept. 4, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given to all

whom it may concern, that on

the first weekday in December next,

I shall attend with the commis-

sioners appointed by the court of Mer-

cer county, at an improvement and

lick, on the waters of Chapline's

fork, in order to perpetuate cer-

tain testimony, respecting an en-

try of four hundred acres, made

in the name of inoch Haydon, and

do such other things as the law re-

quires. NOAH HAYDON.

NOTICE, that by virtue of an

order of the county court of

Bourbon, and in pursuance of an

act of the general assembly entitl-

ed an act to alter the boundaries

of land and for other pur-

poses, I shall attend with the com-

mmissioners, on the last day of Sep-

tember next, if fair, if not, the

next fair day, (an improvement

made by John Field, in the year

1768, about 3 1/4 of a mile from the

mouth of the rocky ford fork, wa-

ters of Licking, in the precipitation

of one thousand acres, the legal title

of which is now veiled in me,

in order to take the depositions of

my witnesses to perpetuate their

testimony respecting the said im-

provement, and to do such other

acts as may be thought necessary,

and in conformity to the said act

of assembly.

JOHN ROBERT.

August 27, 1796.

TAKE NOTICE—that agree-

able to an order of the county

court of Mafon, I shall attend

with the commissioners, on Friday

the twenty-third day of September

next, and continue the next day if

the business is not sooner compleat-

ed, at a blue bank and sugar tree, on

the North fork of Licking, near the

mouth of a small branch, about

three miles above Mr. David Hart's

entry of 1000 acres then and there

to perpetuate the beginning of a thousand

acres Survey, patented to Samuel

Brockman sen. and do such other

acts as may appear necessary and

agreeable to law.

DILLARD COLLINS,

for the administrators of

SAM. BROCKMAN decd.

August 25, 1796.

SIGN PAINTING

Of all descriptions, done by

4 E M M O R T R E G O,
At Capt. WILLIAM ALLEN'S.
Lexington, August 11.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF WOOD LAND,
YING on Cane run, Fayette county,
about three miles and a half from Lexington, containing 100 acres—for terms apply to the subscriber, living near the premises.

W.M. CHENEY.

August 13, 1796.

ti \$1w

For Sale—The House and Lot

WHEREON I now live, on Limehouse street, in the town of Lexington; the Lot is 40 feet front and 66 feet back; the House is 24 feet front and 26 feet back, built of square logs, one story high—Part calls, and part store goods, or other property, will be taken in payment. For terms apply to

William Ross.

FOR SALE,

MY Military claim, containing above mentioned land, on the North-West side of the Ohio—Part of the lands lie on Three Mile Creek, near to Maffie's station, and the remainder on Eagle Creek, not many miles from its mouth, and near to Lime-stone; and the whole, (if my information is right,) are lands of the first quality on that side of the River. Apply to John EZEKIEL HENRY Esq. near Lexington, who is fully authorized to make sale of these Lands.

SAMUEL HOPKINS.

Mecklenburg, Virginia, 3
July 9th 1795.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I shall present a petition to the general assembly of this state, at their next session, for the establishment of a ware-house on my land, near the mouth of Braffier's creek.

THOMAS CARLAN.

August 29, 1796.

FOR SALE,

NOTICE is hereby given, that I shall present a petition to the general assembly of this state, at their next session, for the establishment of a town on my land, in the forks of Braffier's creek.

RICHARD TAYLOR.

August 29, 1796.

NOTICE.

That a petition will be presented to the next General Assembly of Kentucky, for taking a part of the lower side of Bourbon county, and adding to the upper side of Harrison.

Whereas my wife Sarah hath eloped from my bed and board, without any just cause, & solemnly swearing she will not live me—this is to forewarn all persons from trifling her on my account; for I will pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof. Witness my hand, this seventeenth of August 1796.

DAVID ATHERTON.

Bapt.

Nelson county.

NOTICE is given,

That I will attend to receive the entries of Carriages and the Tax due in September next, at the following places and periods, (to wit.) In Frankfort at the house of Mr. Turnball, for Franklin county, on the twenty-third—in Versailles, at the house of Mr. Franklin, for Woodford county, on the twenty-fourth—in Lexington, at the house of Mr. Brent, for Fayette county, on the twenty-sixth—in Georgetown, at the house of Mr. Hunter, for Scott county, on the twenty-seventh—in Paris, at the house of Mr. Clegg, for Bourbon county, on the twenty-eighth—and at Washington, at the house of Mr. Thomas, for the county of Mason, on the thirtieth.

3 W.A. HUBBELL, C.R.

All persons are forewarned from taking assignments on the following bonds, given by me to George Holbrook, as I am determined to pay back the whole of them, and I do now hold title to a tract of land I purchased of said Holbrook, as aforesaid, by law, (viz.) One for £20, payable the 15th day of March, 1796. One of £5, payable March 1, 1797; and one of £5, payable March 1, 1798—The whole dated in September, 1795.

SEPT. 1, 1796.

JOHN SPARKE.

FLOODED from my bed and board, on the 21st instant, my wife Molley Perry. All persons are therefore forewarned from crediting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting after this date. I also caution all persons from harboring or in any wise concealing my said wife, as they shall answer it before the law.

BENJAMIN PERRY.

August 30, 1796.

31

NOTICE.

THE following tracts of LAND lying in Jefferson county, will be sold, at the court house in said county, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax due to government. The sale to commence on Monday the 3d day of October next ensuing, and will be continued by adjournment, from day to day until the whole are sold (viz.)

Proprietor's Name. 1st Rate. 2d Rate. 3d Rate. Water Course, &c.

Joseph Allen, 2500 Harrod's & Patten's creek

Leven Powell, 1000 ditto ditto

ditto, 250 Chinoworth's run,

ditto, 154 ditto

Simon Triplett, 1333 1-3 Floyd's fork,

William Tyler, 1500 Harrod's creek

John Riley, 7031 1-4 Pond creek,

Netherland & Coleman, 2000 Floyd's fork,

John Tenney, 900 ditto

Duncan Steele, 4000 Ohio

Richard Johnston, 2000 Salt river,

ditto, 200 Ballit's flick,

Robert Smith, 3666 2-3 Salt river knobs,

John Galloway, 400 Harrod's creek

Charles Lewis, 1200 Waters of Floyd's fork,

Joseph Jones, 1000 ditto

John Lewis, Doctor, 1200 ditto

Edmund Powell, 14194 1-2 ditto

Olburn Spriggs, 1100 Salt river,

ditto, 400 ditto

ditto, 400 ditto

Jacob Myers, 689 Near Maury's lick,

ditto, 7243 ditto

Nicholas Hale, 500 Salt river,

Edward Kemp, 500 Bear grats,

Jacob Lerie, 400 Floyd's fork,

Thomas Sanders, 500 ditto

George Sloughter, 500 ditto

ditto, 325 ditto

ditto, 328 ditto

ditto, 325 ditto

ditto, 1040 ditto

ditto, 1000 ditto

ditto, 965 ditto

ditto, 585 ditto

ditto, 500 ditto

ditto, 1500 ditto

ditto, 500 ditto

ditto, 569 ditto

John Lerie's heirs, 940 ditto

Jacob Lewis, 21000 ditto

Ga. J. Johnson, 18000 ditto

250 Fern creek

August 29, 1796.

MATH. LOVE, S. J. C.

3

200 acres of Land

FOR SALE, on Main road leading from Lexington to Major HENRY's mill, six miles from Lexington and six miles from Georgetown; 90 acres is good fence, 83 cleared, 8 acres of

good meadow as in the state. The title is indistinctive.—For terms apply to me, John Gardner, who is fully authorized to make sale by me.

ROBERT BENHAM.

FOR SALE,

THAT large and commodious House, on Main street, formerly occupied by Meiffs, Fruis & Bryson, and at present by

Mr. Samuel Price & Co.—Its advantages are for public business, it is well known, that it needs no accommodation for terms apply to the subscribers, who are

authorized to sell and convey the same.

THOMAS IRWIN.

JOHN A. SEITZ.

LEXINGTON, SEPTEMBER 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

This is to certify to all

whom it may concern, that we SMITH & SON, LOMON RANKIN, of Fayette county, Kentucky, have our notes or bonds to a certain John Hale of the said place, for the sum of near that of twenty-one pounds; having six pounds of which we have paid.

This is to warn all persons from making any claim on these notes or bonds, as we shall pay no more unless compelled by law—me and Hale noticing as to fulfill his part of the contract, for which the notes were given.

SMITH & SON, LOMON RANKIN.

Sept. 1, 1796.

NOTICE—that I shall meet

the commissioners appointed by the court of Bourbon, under the act of attorney entitled An Act to ascertain the boundaries of land, and for other purposes, an

improvement in a settlement of land

granted to me, lying on the

forks of the Licking, about two miles

from the mill, on the 22d day of September next, if not, then on the next fall day, to take the depositions and

perpetuate the testimony of sundry witness

es, to establish the said improvement, and

to do such other acts as may be thought necessary, and in conformity with the said reci-

peited act.

THOMAS KENNEDY.

30th August, 1796.

32

I taken up by the subscriber

in Bourbon county, on Johnson's fork, one

mile from the Sycamore forest, a dapple

black mare, about fourteen hands high, judge to be

well made, well mannered, and

sound, about three years old, sprained

to the left hoof. Also a bay mare yearling

foal, about twelve hands high, with her hind

feet white, and some white in her forehead,

trots, appraised to 121.

June 23.

JOHN JACKSON.

August 26.

I taken up by the subscriber, on

Cane run, in the county, a black Horse, three

years old, seventeen hands high, black tail, brand

on the shoulder II; appraised to 151.

ALEXANDER STIMPSON.

Aug. 26.

Taken up by the subscriber, on

Lake run, in the county, a black Horse, three

years old, four feet high, black tail, brand

on the shoulder II; appraised to 152.

JAMES ADKINS.

Aug. 26.

Taken up by the subscriber, on

Lake run, in the county, a black Horse, three

years old, four feet high, black tail, brand

on the shoulder II; appraised to 153.

EDWARD ZEPHRE.

Aug. 26.

ZEPHRE.